

AFMC SECURITY RISK ANALYSIS (SRA)

Basic HIPAA Training and Requirements Post Webinar Quiz

	IPLOYEE ME	DATE				
1)	 Confidentiality and privacy are important concepts in health care because: a. They help protect health care organizations from lawsuits. b. They allow patients to feel comfortable sharing information with their doctors. c. They avoid the confusion of having people other than physicians seeing information about a patient. d. Both A and B. 					
2)	The Privacy Regulation addresses electronic and paper health can Regulation addresses patient rights to information. True False	are information, while the Security				
3)	You are a practitioner responsible for treating patients. When are information that you hear on the job? a. After you no longer work at the practice. b. After the patient dies. c. Only if you know the patient won't mind. d. Only when it's necessary to do your job.	e you allowed to repeat protected health				



4)	Your sister's friend is having surgery at one of the local hospitals, but she is not sure which one. She wants to send flowers and asks you to find out if her friend is at your facility. What should you do?					
	a. Tell your sister that you cannot find out for her but that she can call the hospital information desk and ask whether her friend is a patient there.					
	\square b. Search for the friend's name in the registration database.					
	☐ c. Find a list of patients having surgery and look for the friend's name.					
	☐ d. Find out the condition of your sister's friend and look at the names on the patient rooms to see if you can find her.					
5)	You are cleaning up the nurse's station and find an open recycling bin full of paper. You can easily see names, addresses and phone numbers on the paper. What should you do?					
	a. Nothing. You can't be sure the information has anything to do with patients.					
	☐ b. Show it to your supervisor to determine if the information can be shredded.					
	☐ c. Ask the nurses who work there what information is on the paper.					
	d. Place it in the trash so you can continue cleaning the area.					
6)	It is best to put patient information in unlocked shred bins. True False					
7)	Which of the following is NOT a common way that employees can protect the security of protected health information?					
	a. Never share your password to any system.					
	 a. Never share your password to any system. b. Place interoffice mail containing protected health information in a sealed, confidential envelope. 					
	☐ c. Send email with PHI without encryption.					
	☐ d. Password protect laptops and PDAs.					
	d. Tussword protect tuptops und 1 D/ts.					
8)	Which area is NOT addressed by HIPAA?					
	☐ a. Release of patient information to attorneys					
	☐ b. Single payer health care system					
	☐ c. Penalties and enforcement					
	☐ d. Administrative safeguards					



9)	Confidentiality and privacy protections cover not just a patient's health-related information such as why they are being treated, but also such information as address, age, social security numbers and telephone numbers. True False					
10)	What are the two kinds of sanctions under HIPAA?					
	a. Egregious and inadvertent					
	□ b. Criminal and civil					
	☐ c. Warranted and unwarranted					
	☐ d. Security and Privacy					
11)	Which organization is charged with enforcing the Privacy Regulation?					
	a. The Office for Civil Rights					
	☐ b. The Office of Homeland Security					
	☐ c. The Healthcare Financing Administration					
	☐ d. The Federal Bureau of Investigation					
12)	What kind of individually identifiable health information does HIPAA's privacy law protect?					
	a. Paper					
	b. Electronic					
	c. Oral					
	☐ d. All the above					
13)	When disclosing patient information to another provider for the provision of treatment, should you limit the patient information you provide?					
	a. No, when sharing for treatment, you should provide the information the provider requests.					
	b. Yes, you should provide only the last visit since its most recent.					
	c. No, send the entire record, let the new provider dig out what they want.					
	d. First get the patient's signature before sharing patient information.					

☐ True							
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PRIVACY QUIZ ANSWERS

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If you have questions or would like more information, please contact AFMC at 501-906-7511, SRA@afmc.org or visit afmc.org/SRA.

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